



Supplier Management Programs

The Risk Assessment

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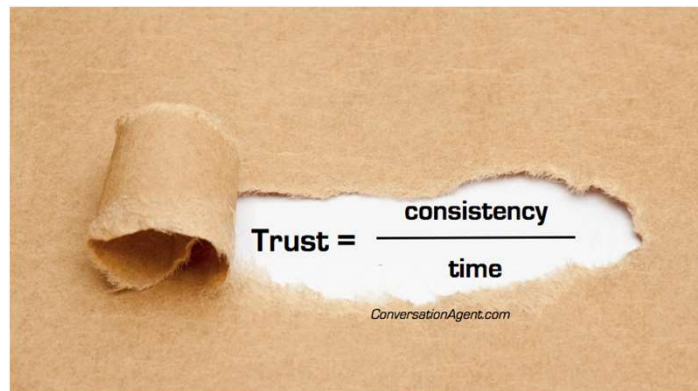
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What role does your supplier play in your Food Safety Program?

I have heard (numerous times) that we can't control the supplier, so why do we need to bother with defining requirements? They have been in business a long time! They wouldn't be selling their products if they didn't know what they are doing.

We have to trust them – we just do!





Why should we be concerned?

- **A hazard comes from two places**
 - It is added during your process or
 - It is created and received from the supplier.
- **Garbage in, garbage out!**
- **Let's think about a recent recall...**





Critical Questions

- **How are suppliers chosen and approved?**
- **What must be done to ensure that we are not receiving hazards from the suppliers?**
- **What requirements must be defined?**
- **Must we audit everyone?**
- **Do we treat all suppliers equally?**
- **How do we ensure that our program is effective?**



Considering the Risk -- What is a “*Risk*”?

“*Risk* is a measure of the probability and consequence of uncertain future events. It is the chance of an undesirable outcome.”

Considering the possibility of a hazard or an opportunity there are two components:

1. Chance or probability
2. An undesirable outcome or consequence

$$\textit{Risk} = \textit{Probability} \times \textit{Consequence}$$



Identifying the Problem

We tend to seek evidence that confirms our beliefs while devaluing what does not.

- ***We tend to see what we expect to see and do not see what we do not expect to see or want to see.***
- ***Our minds are very good at reconfiguring evidence to make it consistent with our expectations.***
- ***Risk analysis takes into account the explanations that our minds may lead us to, but it also seeks a scientific explanation whether it conforms to our mind set or not.***



What is a *Risk* analysis?

- It separates what we know (scientific) from what we don't know (the uncertainty).
- Focuses on what we don't know and how that could affect the outcome.
- Uses what we do know to investigate and make a sound decision based on what we don't know.
- Focuses on properly defining the problem; If we don't accurately identify the problem then we won't be able to assess it.

Uncertainty is the reason for doing a ***Risk analysis***.



Severity or Impact

- The severity factor is a measure of the degree of consequences that are ***most likely*** to occur as associated with a ***risk*** issue.
- Consequences could be either
 - Negatively impact the business, its brand, and its stakeholders, or
 - Be the expected level of unrealized opportunity for gain that could be missed (opportunity cost).



What must we require from the source of our supplies?

- **A well-defined, compliant Food Safety/HACCP and quality program that provides structure and discipline in the production of a safe product that meets all quality specifications.**
- **Availability of records that demonstrate compliance to specified requirements.**
- **Evidence of positive *Management Commitment*.**



How Do We Choose a Supplier?

- Ensure that supplier can meet your company needs.
- Define both product and service requirements.
- Preference is the presence of a sound and effective management systems (i.e., food safety, quality, etc.).
 - Is compliance confirmed through third party certification?
 - Review their management system structure, documents, etc. whenever possible.

What is the product or service supplied?

What is the risk?



GFSI Requirements

- Documented specifications
 - Prepared, securely stored, and readily accessible at the point of use.
 - For all items **and services** (including utilities, transport, and maintenance) purchased or provided that have an effect on product safety.
 - Raw Material Specifications (MSDS, Letters of Guaranty, Tech/Catalog Sheets, Product Label – e.g., EPA registration).

Have a documented supplier approval procedure and continual assessment program in place, based on risk assessment.



GFSI Requirements

- **Purchasing requirements must be defined.**
- **This must include a specification review process.**
 - *Formally defined purchasing process that ensures that all externally-sourced items conform to requirements/specifications.*
- **Traceability**
 - *Be prepared to trace back to the raw ingredient or material.*
 - *Confirm effectiveness through Mock Recalls.*



Customer Required Suppliers

- **Who is ultimately responsible?**
- **Customer approved suppliers or customer pre-approved samples do not relieve the manufacturing site of the responsibility to make sure the item is in spec and free of hazards.**

An operation must ensure well-defined programs for incoming inspection and testing are in place and effective.



FDA Guidance

- The FDA released a guidance document on the topic of supplier management for co-manufacturers, which can be downloaded from www.fda.gov.
- Companies have until November 6, 2019 to either get visibility to the work performed by the brand owner, or do the work themselves.

Supply-Chain Program Requirements and Co-Manufacturer Supplier Approval and Verification for Human Food and Animal Food: Guidance for Industry



Your Company is the Supplier

- **Ask yourselves...**

Just because your company makes the item to be used in the finished product – does that magically make it ok?

- **Purchasing from another location does not absolve the manufacturer of the finished product of the responsibility to perform supplier evaluation, approval and verification activities.**



Trust but Verify

- How do we ensure that our suppliers are not sending us food safety hazards?
- Can due diligence be proven?
- Who do we blame (and does blame even matter)?
- We must be proactive!
- No longer is the answer “this is how we have always done it.”

Dr. Deming said that doing the best we can may not be good enough.



Engineering out the Hazard

- **Control the hazard before it gets to the plant when possible.**
- **Buy raw and process in-house.**
- **Take responsibility for controlling the hazard yourself whenever possible.**





Are All Suppliers Equal?

- **Does every supplier have to be audited?**
- **To some extent, this is an internal question based on the product being supplied, but the FDA now has clearly defined expectations as well.**
- **It is recommended that the Food Safety/HACCP Team evaluate the risk of products being supplied and use this risk assessment to decide what is needed.**
- **For a SAHCODHA hazard, just getting a GFSI certificate is not enough to satisfy the FDA.**



Supplier Evaluation and Approval

- **Choose suppliers that can meet your company needs for product and service requirements.**
- **Know your ingredient requirements, including any known food safety hazards and how these are normally controlled.**
- **Type and extent of control applied to a supplier is dependent on the effect of the purchased product on product safety, product parameters, and customer specifications.**

Know the risk of the product sourced!



SAH CODHA

- **Serious Adverse Health Consequences or Death to Humans or Animals**
- **How does this affect the requirements for supplier verification?**
- **The default verification activity will be Annual On-site Audit.**



Ingredient Requirements

- **Specify sources of ingredients to be purchased.**
- **Are there known or reasonably foreseeable food safety hazards with the item, and if so how are these normally controlled?**
- **Country of origin**
- **Awareness of governmental agricultural residue regulations (MRLs)**
- **How does your supplier ensure that nonconforming material will not accidentally be shipped?**



Supplier's Certificate of Analysis Data

- **How is it confirmed that the information on the COA actually meets the specification?**
- **Who is responsible for confirming this?**
- **What records are maintained?**
- **Ensure validated methods are used and reported on the COA.**



FSMA Definitions

- A “supplier” manufactures the food, grows the food or raises the animal
- A “receiving facility” is a manufacturer/processor
- A “customer” may or may not be subject to preventive controls regulation



FSMA Supplier Verification

Perform one or more of the following *before* using and then at a defined intervals thereafter:

- **On-site audit (default for SAHCODHA hazard)**
- **Sampling and testing**
 - **By the supplier or the receiving facility**
- **Review of supplier's food safety records for the ingredient**



Rating the Supplier

Recommend creating a program to rate a supplier's performance.

- **Provides a basis for comparison with other suppliers.**
- **May be used to identify potential issues with a supplier prior to a negative situation surfacing.**
- **May be used to gauge the amount of attention required for a specific supplier and also the degree required for a site inspection.**



The Risk Assessment vs. The Supplier's product

- Know your product and its ingredients
- Reference the FDA Guidance document Appendix 1 for identified hazards
- Research history & industry issues
- Discuss with supplier
- Know your source...
- Require records and confirmation
- Base decisions on **FACT**

Engineer out the Hazard



Common Findings

- **As long as a credit was received, then the reason for the nonconformance or corrective action is not considered to be important.**
- **Defined frequency for evaluating suppliers not supported by records.**
- **Suppliers used in distant past (i.e., once three years ago and not since) are automatically approved without any recent update or evaluation.**



Common Findings

- **List of approval included only the company name and not the items the supplier was approved for.**
- **Statement that supplier provided product per the current specification but the current specification was not available.**
- **Suppliers are approved based on financial status with no quality evaluation.**



Common Findings

- **Supplies noted in the storage areas were not sourced from a listed approved supplier with no record or explanation available to explain.**
- **Organization's traceability program does not include traceability (i.e., lot numbers) back to the supplier.**
- **No evidence that an effective risk analysis either by the organization or the supplier had been performed.**
- **No program for management of services.**



Thank you for your attention!

- Questions?
- Comments?
- Concerns?

Contact us at 407-290-2754

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